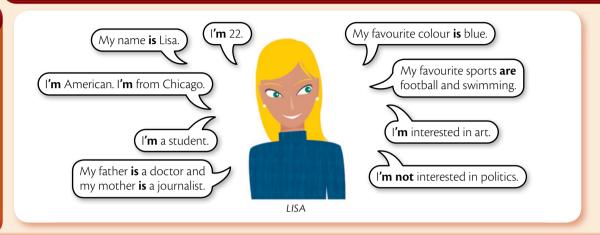
Unit **1**

am/is/are

A



B

positive

negativ	

I	am	(l 'm)		
he she it	is	(he 's) (she 's) (it 's)		
we you they	are	(we 're) (you 're) (they 're)		
-l				

_				
I	am not	(l 'm not)		
he she it	is not	(he 's not (she 's not (it 's not	or	he isn't) she isn't) it isn't)
we you they	are not	(we 're not (you 're not (they 're not	or	you aren't)

short form

short forms

- I'm cold. Can you close the window, please?
- I'm 32 years old. My sister is 29.
- O Steve is ill. He's in bed.
- My brother **is** scared of dogs.
- ☐ It's ten o'clock. You're late again.
- O Ann and I are good friends.
- O Your keys **are** on the table.
- I'm tired, but I'm not hungry.
- Lisa **isn't** interested in politics. She's interested in art.
- James **isn't** a teacher. He's a student.
- Those people **aren't** English. They're Australian.
- It's sunny today, but it isn't warm.



that's = that is there's = there is here's = here is

- Thank you. That's very kind of you.
- Look! There's Chris.
- 'Here's your key.' 'Thank you.'



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am/is/are (questions) → Unit 2 there is/are → Unit 37 a/an → Unit 65 short forms → Appendix 4

> Un **1**

Exercises

1.1	Write the sh	ort form (she	e's / we aren	ı't etc.).			
	1 she is	she's	3 i	t is not		5 I am not	
	2 they are		4 t	that is		5 you are not	
1.2	Write am, is	or are					
2	1 The weath	ner <u>is</u> nic	,		ereHelen.		
	2 In			•	er and I god		
	•	,		,		childrenat school.	
	4 These bag	ssheav	/y.	8 12	taxi driver. My sis	stera nurse.	
1.3	Complete th	ne sentences.					
	1 Steve is ill.	He's in	bed.				
	2 I'm not hu	ungry, but	t	hirsty.			
		as is a very old					
		irs aren't beau	· ·				
		ner is nice tod			and sunny.		
		late.' 'N		,			
		isn't at home					
	8	your coa	it. On, the	arik you very	much.		
1.4	Look at Lisa	's sentences i	n 1A. Now	write senten	ces about yourself	: •	
	1 (name?) /	My			5 (favourite col	our or colours?)	
	2 (age?) I	l			My		
	3 (from?) I	l			6 (interested in	?)	
	4 (job?) I				l		······
1.5	Write sente	6 6					
		nces for the p	oictures. Us	e:			
			bungry		thirsty		
		cold hot	hungry		-thirsty		
					thirsty		
	angry (cold hot	hungry 3	scared		5	
	angry 1 She's th	cold hot	hungry 3	scared He	-thirsty-	5	
	angry 1 She's th 2 They	cold hot	hungry 3 4	scared He		5 6	
1.6	angry 1 She's th 2 They Write true se	hirsty.	hungry 3 4 itive or negative	scared Heative. Use is	/isn't or are/aren'r	5	
	angry 1 She's th 2 They Write true se 1 (it / hot to	hirsty.	hungry 3 4 itive or negalities	He ative. Use is	/isn't or are/aren'n	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's th 2 They Write true so 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy)	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today)	hungry 3 4 itive or negalities	scared He ative. Use is sn't hot toda	/isn't or are/aren's	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true see 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands)	hirsty.	hungry 3 4 itive or negolitims It many	scared He ative. Use is sn't hot toda	/isn't or are/aren's	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true so 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today) s / cold) very big coun	hungry 3 4 itive or negolitims It many	scared He ative. Use is sn't hot toda	/isn't or are/aren's	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's th 2 They Strict true se 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today) s / cold) very big coun s / cheap)	hungry 3 4 itive or negolitims It many	scared He ative. Use is sn't hot toda	/isn't or are/aren's	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's the They Write true so the Company of the Company	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today) ss / cold) very big coun ss / cheap) / in the US)	hungry 3 itive or negalities It	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true see 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond 6 (Toronto) Write true see	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today) s / cold) very big coun s / cheap)	hungry 3 4 itive or negative try) itive or negative or negative try	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n ay. or It's ho	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's th 2 They Write true se 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond 6 (Toronto / Write true se 7 (tired)	hirsty. entences, posoday) / today) ss / cold) very big coun ss / cheap) / in the US)	hungry 3 4 itive or negative try) itive or negative or negative try	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n ay. or It's ho	5 6 t. ot today.	
	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true see 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond 6 (Toronto / Write true see 7 (tired) 8 (hungry)	entences, posoday) y today) s / cold) very big coun s / cheap) / in the US) entences, pos	hungry 3 4 itive or negative try) itive or negative or negative try	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n ay. or It's ho	5 6 tt. ott today.	
1.6	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true see 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond 6 (Toronto)) Write true see 7 (tired) 8 (hungry) 9 (a good see	hirsty. entences, posoday) y today) s / cold) very big coun s / cheap) / in the US) entences, posodowimmer)	hungry 3 4 itive or negative try) itive or negative or negative try	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n Ay. or It's ho m / I'm not. I'm not tired.	5 6 tt. ott today.	
1.6	angry 1 She's the 2 They Write true see 1 (it / hot to 2 (it / windy 3 (my hands 4 (Brazil / a 5 (diamond 6 (Toronto / Write true see 7 (tired) 8 (hungry)	hirsty. entences, posoday) y today) s / cold) very big coun s / cheap) / in the US) entences, posodowimmer)	hungry 3 4 itive or negative try) itive or negative or negative try	scared He	/isn't or are/aren'n Ay. or It's ho m / I'm not. I'm not tired.	5 6 tt. ott today.	

Unit **2**

am/is/are (questions)

A



- 'Am I late?' 'No, you're on time.'
- (Is your mother at home?' 'No, she's out.'
- 'Are your parents at home?' 'No, they're out.'
- (Is it cold in your room?' 'Yes, a little.'
- O Your shoes are nice. Are they new?

We say:

- **Is she** at home? / **Is your mother** at home? (*not* Is at home your mother?)
- Are they new? / Are your shoes new? (not Are new your shoes?)
- B Where ... ? / What ... ? / Who ... ? / How ... ? / Why ... ?
 - Where is your mother? Is she at home?
 - (Canada:
 - 'What colour is your car?' 'It's red.'
 - O 'How old is Joe?' 'He's 24.'
 - How are your parents? Are they well?
 - These shoes are nice. **How much are** they?
 - This hotel isn't very good. **Why is** it so expensive?
 - what's = what is who's = who is how's = how is where's = where is
 - What's the time?
- Who's that man?

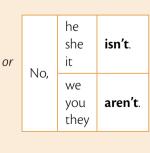
○ Where's Lucy?

─ How's your father?

Short answers

	I	am.
Yes,	he she it	is.
	we you they	are.

	l'm	
No,	he 's she 's it 's	not.
	we 're you 're they 're	





- 'Are you tired?' 'Yes, I am.'
- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I'm not, but I'm thirsty.'
- 'Is your friend English?' 'Yes, he is.'
- 'Are these your keys?' 'Yes, they are.'
- 'That's my seat.' 'No, it isn't.'

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am/is/are → Unit 1 questions → Unit 44 what/which/how → Unit 47

2

 1 Where's the camera? 2 Is your car blue? 3 Is Kate from London? 4 Am I late? 5 Where's Amy from? 6 What colour is your bag? 7 Are you hungry? 8 How is George? 9 Who's that woman? 	A London. B No, I'm not. C Yes, you are. D My sister. E Black. F No, it's black. G In your bag. H No, she's American. I Very well. 1
Make questions with these wo 1 (is / at home / your mother) 2 (your parents / are / well) 3 (interesting / is / your job) 4 (the shops / are / open today 5 (from / where / you / are) 6 (interested in sport / you / ar 7 (is / near here / the station) 8 (at school / are / your childred 9 (you / are / late / why)	Is your mother at home Are your parents well y) re)
2	How are your parents? the bus stop? your children? They're very well. At the end of the street. Five, six and ten.
5 6	these oranges? your favourite sport? the man in this photo? your new shoes? £1.50 a kilo. Skiing. That's my father. Black.

→ Additional exercises 1–2 (pages 252–53)

Unit **3**

I am doing (present continuous)

A



The present continuous is:

am/is/are + doing/eating/running/writing etc.

I	am (not)	
he she it	is (not)	-ing
we you they	are (not)	

- \bigcirc |'m working. |'m not watching $\top \lor$.
- Maria is reading a newspaper.
- She isn't eating. (or She's not eating.)
- The bus is coming.
- We're having dinner.
- O You're not listening to me. (or You aren't listening ...)
 - The children **are doing** their homework.

B am/is/are + -ing = something is happening now:

I'm working she's wearing a hat they're playing football I'm not watching TV

past future Please be quiet. I'm working. (= I'm working now) Look, there's Sarah. She's wearing a brown coat. (= she is wearing it now) The weather is nice. It's not raining. 'Where are the children?' 'They're playing in the park.' (on the phone) We're having dinner now. Can I call you later? You can turn off the television. I'm not watching it. Spelling (\rightarrow Appendix 5): $come \rightarrow coming$ write → writing $dance \rightarrow dancing$ $run \rightarrow running$ $sit \rightarrow sitting$ swi**m** → swi**mm**ing $lie \rightarrow lying$

am/is/are → Unit 1 are you doing? (questions) → Unit 4 I am doing and I do → Unit 8 What are you doing tomorrow? → Unit 25

Uni **3**

Exercises

3.1 What are these people doing? Use these verbs to complete the sentences:



3.2 Complete the sentences. Use these verbs:

	build	cook	go	have	stand	stay	swim	work)
1	Please I	be quiet.	ı 'm	working					
2	'Where	s's John?'	'He's	in the kit	chen. He				
3	'You				on my fo	oot.' '(Oh, I'm sor	ry.'	
4	Look! S	Someboo	dy			in	the river.		
5	We're h	nere on h	noliday.	We			at tl	ne Central	Hotel.
6	'Where	's Sue?'	'She				a shower.'		
7	They				a new h	otel in t	the city cer	ntre at the	momen
8	1			no	ow. Good	bye.			

3.3 Look at the picture. Write sentences about Jane. Use She's -ing or She isn't -ing.



1	(have dinner) Jane isn't having dinner.
2	(watch TV) She's watching TV.
	(sit on the floor) She
	(read a book)
	(play the piano)
	(laugh)
	(wear a hat)
	(driply coffee)

3.4 What's happening now? Write true sentences.

1	(I / wash / my hair)	I'm not washing my hair.
2	(it / snow)	lt's snowing. or It isn't snowing.
3	(I / sit / on a chair)	
4	(I / eat)	
5	(it / rain)	
6	(I / learn / English)	
7	(I / listen / to music)	
8	(the sun / shine)	
9	(I / wear / shoes)	
10	(I / read / a newspaper)	

Unit **4**

are you doing? (present continuous questions)

Α

positive question

	.,	
1	am	
he she it	is	doing working going
we you they	are	staying etc.

am	I	
is	he she it	doing working going
are	we you they	staying etc.



- '**Are** you **feeling** OK?' 'Yes, I'm fine, thanks.'
- (Yes, take an umbrella.)
- Why **are** you **wearing** a coat? It's not cold.
- 'What's Paul doing?' 'He's studying for his exams.'
- 'What **are** the children **doing**?' 'They**'re watching** TV.'
- Look, there's Emily! Where's she going?
- Who are you waiting for? Are you waiting for Sue?

В

Study the word order:

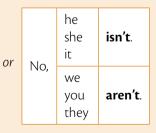
	ls	he	working today?
	ls	Ben	working today? (not Is working Ben today?)
Where	are	they	going?
Where	are	those people	going ? (not Where are going those people?)

 \overline{c}

Short answers

	I	am.
Yes,	he she it	is.
	we you they	are.

	l'm	
No,	he 's she 's it 's	not.
	we 're you 're they 're	



- 'Are you going now?' 'Yes, I am.'
- (Yes, he is.'
- (No, it isn't.") ('No, it isn't.")
- 'Are your friends staying at a hotel?' 'No, they aren't. They're staying with me.'

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 I am doing → Unit 3
 What are you doing tomorrow? → Unit 25
 questions → Units 44–47

> Uni **4**

Exercises

4.1 Look at the pictures and write the questions.



4.2 Look at the pictures and complete the questions. Use:



4.3 Make questions from these words. Put the words in the right order.

1	(is / working / Ben / today)	?
2	(what / the children / are / doing) What are the children doing	?
3	(you / are / listening / to me)	?
4	(where / your friends / are / going)	?
5	(are / watching / your parents / TV)	?
6	(what / Jessica / is / cooking)	?
7	(why / you / are / looking / at me)	?
8	(is / coming / the bus)	?

Write short answers (Yes, I am. / No, he isn't. etc.).

1 Are you watching TV? No, I'm not.	4 Is it raining?
2 Are you wearing a watch?	5 Are you sitting on the floor?
3 Are you eating something?	6 Are you feeling well?

→ Additional exercise 3 (page 253)

Unit **5**

I do/work/like etc. (present simple)

Α



They have a lot of books. They **read** a lot.



He's eating an ice cream. He **likes** ice cream.

They **read** / he **likes** / I **work** etc. = the *present simple*:

I/we/you/they							
he/she/it	reads	likes	works	lives	watches	does	has

Remember:

he works / she lives / it rains etc.

- I work in a shop. My brother works in a bank. (not My brother work)
- Lucy lives in London. Her parents live in Scotland.
- It rains a lot in winter.

I have \rightarrow he/she/it has:

Joe has a shower every day.

Spelling (\rightarrow Appendix 5):

-es after -s / -sh / -ch: pass
$$\rightarrow$$
 passes finish \rightarrow finishes watch \rightarrow watches -y \rightarrow -ies: study \rightarrow studies try \rightarrow tries also: do \rightarrow does go \rightarrow goes

В

We use the present simple for things that are true in general, or for things that happen sometimes or all the time:

- I like big cities.
- O Your English is good. You **speak** very well.
- Tom works very hard. He starts at 7.30 and finishes at 8 o'clock in the evening.
- The earth **goes** round the sun.
- We do a lot of different things in our free time.
- It costs a lot of money to build a hospital.

C

always/never/often/usually/sometimes + present simple

- Sue always gets to work early. (not Sue gets always)
- I never eat breakfast. (not I eat never)
- We often go away at weekends.
- Mark usually plays football on Sundays.
- O I **sometimes walk** to work, but not very often.

I don't ... (negative) → Unit 6 Do you ... ? (questions) → Unit 7 I am doing and I do → Unit 8 always/usually/often etc. (word order) → Unit 94

5

Exercises

- 5.1 Write these verbs with -s or -es.
 - 1 (read) she <u>reads</u> 3 (fly) it ______ 5 (have) she _____ 2 (think) he ______ 6 (finish) it _____
- Complete the sentences about the people in the pictures. Use:



- 1 He plays the piano.
- 2 Theyin a very big house. 5to the cinema a lot.

.....tennis.

- 3a lot of fruit.
 - 6seven hours a night.
- Complete the sentences. Use:

	boil	close	cost	cost	like	like	meet	open	speak	teach	wash
1	Maria	speaks	5four	language	es.						
2	The sh	ops in th	ne city ce	entre usu	ally		at 9	9 o'clock i	n the morn	ing.	

- 3 The City Museumat 5 o'clock in the evening. 4 Tina is a teacher. She mathematics to young children.
- 5 My job is very interesting. Ia lot of people.
- 6 Peter's car is always dirty. He neverit.
- 7 Food is expensive. Ita lot of money.
- 8 Shoes are expensive. They a lot of money.
- 9 Waterat 100 degrees Celsius.
- Write sentences from these words. Use the right form of the verb (arrive or arrives etc.).
 - 1 (always / early / Sue / arrive) Sue always arrives early.
 - 2 (to the cinema / never / I / go) I
 - 3 (work / Martina / hard / always)
 - 4 (like / chocolate / children / usually)
 - 5 (Jackie / parties / enjoy / always) 6 (often / people's names / I / forget)
 - 7 (TV / Sam / watch / never) ______
 - 8 (usually / dinner / we / have / at 7.30)
 - 9 (Kate / always / nice clothes / wear)
- Write sentences about yourself. Use always/never/often/usually/sometimes.
 - 1 (watch TV in the evening) Lusually watch TV in the evening. 2 (read in bed) I
 - 3 (get up before 7 o'clock)
 - 4 (go to work/school by bus)
 - 5 (drink coffee in the morning)